**Before Start** 

Brakes SET

Seats ADJUSTED
Seatbelts FASTENED
Fuel Selectors MAIN TANKS
Circuit Breakers CHECK

Radio Master CHECK OFF

Alternators OFF
Alt. Static Source NORMAL
Cowl Flaps OPEN
Door SECURE

Engine Starting

Master Switch ON Strobes ON

Propellers FULL FORWARD

For Hot Start, skip priming

To Prime for Cold Start

Throttles HALFWAY OPEN

- Mixtures RICH - Fuel Pumps ON

- Fuel Flows Rise to 5 gph (max 5 sec.)

- Fuel Pumps OFF

Mixtures BOTH IDLE CUTOFF
Throttles BOTH ½ INCH OPEN

\*\* Start one engine at a time \*\*

Magnetos (engine #1 or #2) L & R ON Propeller Area "CLEAR"

Starter (max 30 sec) ENGAGE on engine #1 or #2
Mixture ADVANCE to RICH while cranking

Throttle SET 1000 RPM

Oil Pressure GREEN within 30 seconds

Alternator (L or R) ON, verify positive

**After Start** 

Alternators CHECK EACH, then BOTH ON

Vacuum Gauge CHECK Radio Master ON

Mixtures
LEAN FOR TAXI
Lights
AS REQUIRED
UP, visually confirm
Fuel gauges
CHECK, select tank
Instruments
SET & CHECK
Transponder
ALT & SQUAWK

ATIS & Taxi CHECK, GET CLEARANCE & BRIEF

**Taxiing** 

Brakes CHECK TC, HI, Compass CHECK

Run-up

Brakes SET

Flight Controls FREE & CORRECT Trim Tabs FREE TOR TAKEOFF

Cowl Flaps OPEN Mixtures RICH

Throttles to 1500 RPM

Feather test
 500 RPM drop

- Mag check < 175 drop, < 50 diff, smooth

Throttles to 2000 RPM

Cycle each prop 1-3x Check RPM, MP, Oil Press

VacuumCheck (4.8-5.1" Hg)AmmeterCheck positive indication

- Oil Temp & Press Check

Throttles IDLE, then 1000 RPM

Flight Instruments CHECK & SET Landing Gear DOWN & GREEN

GPS/NAV SET FOR DEPARTURE Radios SET FOR DEPARTURE

Transponder ALT & SQUAWK

Takeoff Briefing COMPLETE

This will be a normal (	short-field) takeoff, flap	s set at 0° (15°), d	eparting runwa	y with an
initial climb to	feet and heading	V <sub>R</sub> is 90, V	'x is 90, V <sub>Y</sub> is 11	12, V <sub>MC</sub> is 90, and
VYSE is 105 MPH. Gro	und roll is	, 50' obstacle clea	rance is	, and
accelerate-stop is	_			

-For an abnormality at a low airspeed, I will close the throttles, maintain directional control and bring the airplane to a stop on the remaining runway.

-For an emergency before  $V_{MC}$ , I will close the throttles, apply maximum breaking, maintain directional control and bring the airplane to a stop on the remaining runway.

-For an engine fire or failure with runway remaining and gear down, I will close the throttles, land straight ahead, and apply maximum breaking.

-For an engine failure with no remaining runway and above  $V_{\text{MC}}$ , I will pitch for blue line, apply maximum thrust, retract gear and flaps, then identify, verify, and feather the failed engine.

-For an emergency or abnormality with altitude available, I will perform the appropriate checklist. Emergency training scenarios below 3,000'AGL will be simulated by reducing throttle. Questions?

## **Before Takeoff**

Trim SET FOR TAKEOFF
Flaps UP (15° for Short/Soft Field)

Cowl Flaps OPEN Mixtures RICH

Props FULL FORWARD
Lights AS REQUIRED
Fuel Pumps & Gauges ON & CHECKED

Doors & Windows CLOSED

#### ENGINE FAILURE DURING CLIMB (at/below 1500' AGL)

Pitch for Blue Line 105 MPH

Aileron BANK 3° - 5° into good engine

Rudder BALL ½ DEFLECTED into good engine

Mix, Props, Throttles FULL FORWARD

Gear UP Flaps UP

Identify DEAD FOOT

Verify CONFIRM by reducing affected throttle

Prop Decide to FIX or FEATHER

## Feather (perform on dead engine only)

- Prop **Verify** & Feather

Climb Pattern altitude or as appropriate

- Return to airport (or one nearby if it's better suited) and review guidance for Single-Engine Approach and Landing in the Pattern

#### Engine Securing (perform on dead engine only, if time permits)

Mixture
 Fuel selector
 Fuel pump
 Mags
 Verify & OFF
 Verify & OFF
 Verify & OFF

- Cowl flap CLOSED (open on operating engine)

- Alternator OFF

Electrical load REDUCE if necessary

- Other engine Monitor temps & reduce power if able

ATC Declare emergencyFuel selector Cross-feed as requiredReview single-engine landing guidance

\* Zero thrust = 10" MP & 2200 RPM \*

## Climb (above 1000' AGL or safe altitude)

Gear, flaps & nose light VERIFY UP & OFF

Airspeed 130 MPH
Throttles 25" MP
Props 2500 RPM

Lights AS REQUIRED, nose light OFF

Fuel pumps OFF (one at a time)

Engine instruments CHECK

## Cruise

Throttles (max 75% power)

Props

Engine instruments

Mixture

SET @ 21-23" MP

SET 2400 RPM & SYNC

CHECK & MONITOR

LEAN FOR ALTITUDE

Cowl flaps CLOSED

\*\* Aux fuel tanks may be used in level flight only \*\*

## **Descent / Prior to IAF**

ATIS/AWOS/ASOS CHECK, set altimeters

Approach briefing COMPETE

Throttles DECREASE max 2" MP per minute Airspeed 120-140 MPH, KEEP CHTs GREEN

Mixtures ENRICHEN GRADUALLY

## Before Landing / at FAF

Seats ADJUSTED Seatbelts FASTENED

Cabin heater OFF

Fuel selectors MAIN TANKS

Mixtures RICH Fuel pumps ON

Landing gear (<130MPH) DOWN & GREEN

Flaps (<110MPH) AS REQUIRED (max 15° single-eng) Approach speed 95 MPH (90 short/soft, 105 single-eng)

## **After Landing**

Fuel pumps OFF

Lights AS REQUIRED
Props FULL FORWARD
Mixtures LEAN FOR TAXI

Cowl flaps OPEN Flaps UP

Trim SET FOR TAKEOFF

Taxi clearance OBTAIN

#### **Shutdown**

Throttles 1000 RPM Radio master OFF Alternators OFF

Mixtures IDLE CUT-OFF
Lights ALL OFF
Magnetos ALL OFF
Master switch OFF

## **Securing Aircraft**

Cowl flaps
Sunshades
INSTALL
Controls
Hobbs & tach
Window & door
Pitot cover
Tie Downs & chocks
CLOSE
INSTALL
INSTALL

# **Engine Power Loss During Flight**

Pitch for Blue Line 105 MPH

Aileron BANK 3° - 5° into good engine

Rudder BALL ½ DEFLECTED into good engine

Mix, Props, Throttles FULL FORWARD

Gear UP Flaps UP

Identify DEAD FOOT

Verify Confirm by reducing affected throttle

Prop Decide to FIX or FEATHER

<u>Fix</u>

Fuel Mixtures, Fuel Pumps, v Qty., Switch Tanks

Spark Magnetos ONAir Alt air ON

Gauges Check for cause of failureIf power is restored, fuel pump & alt air OFF

## Feather (perform on dead engine only)

- Mixture **Verify** & Idle Cut-Off

Prop Verify & Reduce to Feather

Fuel selector Verify & OFFFuel pump Verify & OFF

- Mags **Verify** & OFF (one at a time!)

Cowl flap CLOSED (open on operating engine)

- Alternator OFF

Electrical load REDUCE if necessary

- Other engine Monitor temps & reduce power if able

ATC Declare emergency
 Fuel selector Cross-feed as required
 Review single-engine landing guidance
 \* Zero thrust = 10" MP & 2200 RPM \*

# Air Start (unfeathering procedure)

Fuel Selector ON Magnetos ON

Throttle ½ INCH OPEN

Prop Set for Cruise (halfway fwd)

Mixture RICH Starter ENGAGE

\*Note: Fuel pump may be used just prior to cranking, if needed Once engine starts set throttle & prop to 15"MP & 2000 RPM

Mixture LEAN for altitude

Oil pressure CHECK
Cowl flaps AS REQ.
Alternator ON

## **Engine Fire in Flight**

# 1. Engine Fire checklist (on affected engine):

Throttle Verify & IDLE

Mixture Verify & IDLE CUTOFF

Fuel selector Verify & OFF Verify & OFF

## 2. Emergency Descent checklist:

Throttles BOTH IDLE

Prop FULL FWD on operating engine

Cowl flaps CLOSED

Landing gear DOWN below V<sub>LE</sub>

Airspeed Maintain < V<sub>LE</sub> (150 MPH)

Bank 40-45° to decrease vertical lift, or slip to increase drag. Recover on operating engine once the fire is out or approaching 1500' AGL.

## 3. Engine Power Loss & Securing After Engine Fire:

Pitch for Blue Line 105 MPH

Aileron BANK 3° - 5° into good engine Rudder BALL ½ DEFLECTED Mix, Prop,

Throttle FWD on operating engine

Gear UP or as needed

Flaps UP

Identify DEAD FOOT

Verify Confirm by reducing affected throttle

Affected engine prop Verify & FEATHER

Affected engine mags **Verify** & OFF (one at a time!)

Affected engine alternator Verify & OFF

Affected engine cowl flap CLOSED (open on operating engine)
4. See below for single-engine approach & landing guidance

# Single-engine Approach & Landing in the Pattern

Downwind 18-19" MP, 2400 RPM

Abeam #s 16" MP, maintain 105<sup>+</sup> MPH (> V<sub>YSE</sub>) Landing gear Landing assured, down to descend

Flaps Landing assured, set 15°

# Single-engine IFR approach (for guidance only)

Prior to IAP DESCENT CHECKLIST Approximately 120 MPH

Throttle (op. engine) For holding altitude @ 18-20" MP

Throttle (op. engine) For descent @ 16" MP

Prior to FAFAPPROACH & LANDING CHECKLISTAt FAF/GSLANDING GEAR DOWN below VLEThrottle (op. engine)STABLE DESCENT at 16" MP (500 fpm)

V<sub>APP</sub> MAINTAIN 105<sup>+</sup> MPH (> V<sub>YSE</sub>)

- Once runway is in sight & landing assured, flaps may be lowered to 15°

#### **Flooded Start**

Mags ON Throttles OPEN

Mixtures IDLE CUTOFF

Fuel pumps OFF Starter ENGAGE

- When engine fires, retard throttle & advance mixture

## **Engine Fire During Start**

Starter CONTINUE CRANKING

Mixture IDLE CUTOFF

Throttle OPEN
Fuel pump OFF
Fuel selector OFF

Radio CALL FOR ASSISTANCE

If fire continues EXTINGUISH

## **Electrical Fire or Smoke in Flight**

Master Switch OFF Vents OPEN

Door OPEN if necessary

Cabin Heater OFF

Oxygen (if equipped) As required

- Land as soon as possible without flaps, V<sub>APP</sub> 100 MPH

# **High Oil Temperature**

Cowl flaps OPEN
Mixture ENRICH

Power REDUCE if necessary
Airspeed MAINTAIN > 130 MPH

 If high temps continue or oil pressure is also low, land as soon as possible and investigate cause

- Prepare for Engine Power Loss During Flight

# **Power Off Landing (Both Engines Out)**

Pitch for Best Glide 110 MPH

Landing Site Select, spiral over if able

Propellers FEATHER BOTH

Mixtures IDLE
Magnetos ALL OFF
Fuel Selectors BOTH to OFF
Radio Declare emergency

Landing Gear DOWN if/when appropriate

## **Emergency Descent – Oxygen System Failure**

Seatbelts SECURE
Throttles BOTH IDLE
Props FULL FWD
Cowl flaps CLOSED

Landing gear DOWN below V<sub>LE</sub>

Airspeed Maintain < V<sub>LE</sub> (150 MPH)

 A 2,000 to 3,000 foot/minute descent is adequate to answer the emergency with minimal risk of damage to the engines and discomfort to the passengers.

- Recover at 10,000 MSL or approaching 2000' AGL.

Landing gear RETRACT Mixture ENRICH

Throttles INCREASE SLOWLY (warm engine)

Props CRUISE

## **Landing Gear Fault**

Master Switch CHECK ON

Landing Gear Breaker CHECK - Reset circuit breaker once if open

If gear operates but no Green Light:
 Light Rheostat CHECK
 Nav Lights OFF
 Gear Indicator Light REPLACE

\*Gear light and horn inoperative during electrical failure

- If gear doesn't operate, Manual Gear Extension: Airspeed BELOW 100 MPH

Gear Handle DOWN

Gear Motor Release Arm DISENGAGE and push forward

through full travel (gear should fall)

Gear Extension Handle If left socket is not in clear position,

place handle in right socket and twist clockwise until left socket in position

Gear Extension Handle Left socket, extend handle and rotate

FULL forward until locked

Gear Indicator Light Verify GREEN

# **Door Open in Flight**

Airspeed < 100 MPH
Cabin vents CLOSE
Storm window OPEN

Slip airplane FACE DOOR INTO WIND

Latch SECURE

- If unable to latch door, land as soon as practical.

Increase approach and landing speed by 10 MPH.

Before beginning each maneuver, complete the following:

Clear the Area

Heading or Reference

Altitude: > 3000' AGL for maneuvers, > 5000' AGL for stalls

Position: airspace, emergency landing site

Setup: fuel on MAIN tanks

# **Steep Turns**

- 1. Setup: Cruise (18" MP, 2400 RPM, mix lean, cowl flaps closed, CHAPS)
- 2. Bank to 50°, increasing back pressure as you pass 30° bank.
- 3. Increase MP approximately 2".
- 4. Monitor sight picture, VSI, altitude, ball & bank.
- 5. Begin rollout 20° before desired heading/reference.
- 6. Reduce back pressure and power to maintain altitude & speed.

# **Accelerated Stall**

- 1. Setup: Cruise (15" MP, 2400 RPM, mix lean, cowl flaps closed, CHAPS)
- 2. Slow to 110-120 MPH.
- 3. Enter into a 45° bank steep turn, increasing back pressure to hold altitude as you pass 30° bank.
- 4. At the first indication of stall, reduce angle of attack to break the stall.
- 5. Level the wings with coordinated rudder and aileron.
- 6. Return to altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# **Slow Flight**

- 1. Setup: Takeoff or Landing (2400 RPM, mix rich, cowl flaps open, CHAPS)
- 2. Throttles 14" MP
- 3. Landing Gear Extend below 130 MPH4. Flaps Extend below 110 MPH
- 5. Throttles 16" MP
- 6. Pitch Maintain airspeed of 90 MPH7. Throttles As needed to control altitude

# Recovery:

- 8. Pitch Lower slightly
- 9. Throttles10. Landing Gear24" MP
- 11. Flaps Retract to 15°, then UP
- 12. Maintain altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# **Power-Off Stall**

- 1. Setup: Landing (2400 RPM, mix rich, cowl flaps open, CHAPS)
- 2. Throttles 14" MP
- Landing Gear Extend below 130 MPH
   Flaps Extend below 110 MPH
- 5. Throttles 12" MP
- 6. Begin a descent to landing at V<sub>APP</sub> (95 MPH)
- 7. Once stabilized, begin a roundout and flare.
- 8. Bring throttles to idle. Recover at first sign of stall. Recovery:
- 9. Pitch Lower to break the stall
- 10. Throttles Full Forward11. Pitch Climb at V<sub>Y</sub>
- 12. Landing Gear Up
- 13. Flaps Retract to 15°, then UP
- 14. Return to altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# **Power-On Stall**

- 1. Setup: Takeoff (mix rich, cowl flaps open, CHAPS)
- 2. Throttles 14" MP
- 3. Props **2100 RPM** maximum
- 4. Slow to 90 MPH (or as instructed by examiner)
- 5. Throttles 21" MP maximum
- Begin a climb at V<sub>X</sub>, then pitch up slightly to try to climb steeper than V<sub>X</sub>. Recover at first sign of stall. Recovery:
- 7. Pitch Lower to break the stall
- 8. Props9. Throttles2400 RPM (or full forward if needed)24" MP (or full forward if needed)
- 10. Return to altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# **Emergency Descent**

- 1. Setup: simulated engine fire (perform Engine Fire in Flight checklist) or oxygen system loss (perform Oxygen System Failure checklist).
- 2. Throttles Idle
- 3. Props Full Forward
- 4. Cowl flaps Closed5. Landing Gear Down
- 6. Airspeed Below V<sub>LE</sub> (<150 MPH)
- 7. Bank 40-45° to decrease vertical lift, or slip to increase drag. Recovery: No lower than 2000' AGL.
- 8. Complete the Cruise or Before Landing checklist, as needed.

## **V<sub>MC</sub> Demo**

1. Setup: Takeoff climb (gear & flaps up, mix rich, cowl flaps open, CHAPS)

2. Throttles 14" MP

Props
 Airspeed
 Trim
 Full Forward
 Slow to V<sub>YSE</sub> /V<sub>SSE</sub>
 Takeoff position

6. Left Throttle Slowly reduce to Idle

7. Airspeed Maintain V<sub>YSE</sub>

8. Bank 2-3° (no more than 5°) into operating engine.
9. Verify ball is deflected half toward operating engine.

10. Right Throttle Slowly Increase to Full Forward

11. Pitch attitude Increase to lose 1 MPH/sec

12. Directional control Maintain with aileron & rudder

Recovery: At first indication of loss of control (unable to maintain heading +/-20° with aileron/rudder or stall warning)

Simultaneously reduce pitch and power, then neutralize rudder & aileron

13. Airspeed Pitch for  $V_{XSE}$  or  $V_{YSE}$ 

14. Directional control Maintain with aileron & rudder

15. Right Throttle Slowly apply full power

16. Left Throttle Slowly warm engine (15" MP/2000 RPM)

17. Return to altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# **Drag Demo**

1. Setup: Climb (2400 RPM, mix rich, cowl flaps open, CHAPS)

2. Throttles 14" MP

3. Cowl flaps4. AirspeedL closed, R openSlow to V<sub>YSE</sub>

5. Left Prop & Throttle Set zero thrust (10" MP/2200 RPM)

6. Right Prop & Throttle Increase to FULL FWD
7. Bank 2-3° (no more than 5°) into operating engine

8. Airspeed Reduce below V<sub>YSE</sub>, note VSI change

9. Airspeed Return to V<sub>YSE</sub>

10. Airspeed Increase above V<sub>YSE</sub>, note VSI,

11. Airspeed Return to V<sub>YSE</sub>

12. Landing Gear Extend, note VSI change

13. Flaps Extend to 15°, note VSI change 14. Flaps Extend to 27°, note VSI change

15. Landing Gear Retract, note VSI change

16. Flaps Retract to 15°, then UP, note VSI

17. Windmill the Left Engine Note VSI change

18. Return to altitude & complete the Cruise checklist.

# Engine Failure Before V<sub>MC</sub>

1. Setup: Begin a normal or short-field takeoff

- At indication of engine failure (no faster than 50% of V<sub>MC</sub>):

Throttles
 Directional control
 Brakes
 IDLE
 MAINTAIN
 As required

# Engine Failure After Liftoff (no lower than 600' AGL)

1. Setup: Takeoff climb (gear & flaps up, mix rich, cowl flaps open)

2. Takeoff briefing Complete

3. Begin a normal takeoff climb (25"/2500 or full fwd)

\*Note: CFI will use throttle to simulate failed engine, airspeed > 105

- At indication of engine failure:

4. Pitch for Blue Line 105 MPH

5. Aileron BANK 3° - 5° into good engine

6. Rudder BALL ½ DEFLECTED7. Mix, Props, Throttles FULL FORWARD

8. Gear UP 9. Flaps UP

10. Identify DEAD FOOT

11. Verify CONFIRM by reducing

affected throttle

# - The remaining items will be simulated only:

Feather (simulated on dead engine only)

12. Mixture Verify & begin to lean (CFI will stop it)

13. Prop Verify & begin to reduce to Feather

\*CFI will set zero thrust (10" MP & 2200 RPM)\*

14. Climb Pattern altitude or as appropriate

15. Return to airport (or one nearby if better suited) and review guidance for Single-engine Approach and Landing in Pattern

# Engine Securing (perform on dead engine only, if time permits)

16. Fuel selector
17. Fuel pump
18. Mags
Verify & OFF
Verify & OFF

19. Cowl flap CLOSED (open on operating engine)

20. Alternator OFF

21. Electrical load REDUCE if necessary

22. Other engine Monitor & reduce power if able

23. ATC Declare emergency24. Fuel selector Cross-feed as required

25. Review single-engine landing guidance